The Pittsburgh Gazette

Vol. XV. *Friday Evening*, March 6, 1801. No. 75

PITTSBURGH: PRINTED BY JOHN SCULL, IN FRONT STREET, NEXT DOOR TO THE CORNER OF MARKET-STREET.

437

757

Dr. Receipts and Expenditures in the Treasury of Allegheny County, for Allegheny, Beaver and Butler Counties, from the 1st of January 1800, to the 31st day of December, both days inclusive. Cr.

	Dollars	Cts.
Received of James Rice, collector of Irwin township, for 1797, balance of his duplicate	5	24
Rufus S Reed, collector of Erie township, for 1797	40	
Charles Paullis, collector of Beaver township, for 1797, balance of his duplicate	22	50
James M'Claran, collector of Irwin township, for 1798, balance of his duplicate	132	33
George Williams, collector of Fayette township, for 1798	31	
Wm. Whiteman, collector, St. Clair township, for 1798, balance of his duplicate	25	39
Brice M'Geehan, collector of Beaver township, for 1798, balance of his duplicate	95	44
Casper Reel, collector of Pine township, for 1798,	32	
James M'Kegg, collector of Plumb township, for 1798,	6	50
John M'Bride, collector of Deer township, for 1798,	48	75
Samuel M'Bride, collector of Beaver township for 1799, balance of his duplicate	39	33
John Short, collector of Fayette township for 1799, balance of his duplicate	161	5
William Thompson, collector of St. Clair township, for 1799	171	25
John Kerr, collector of first Moon township, for 1799	117	28
William Shaw, collector of Versailles township, for 1799	82	46
Benjamin Cox, collector of Deer township for 1799, balance of his duplicate	60	87
Robert Johnston, collector of Beaver township, for 1799	69	27
Ezekiel Jones, collector of Sewickly township, for 1799	108	25
William Cecil, collector of Pittsburgh, for 1799	55	3
Jonathan Frost, collector of Irwin township, for 1799	109	61
Wm. Ralston, collector of Elizabeth township, for 1799, balance of his duplicate	39	42
Samuel Jolly, collector of Slippery Rock township for 1799, balance of duplicate	201	58
James Glover, collector of Pine township, for 1799, balance of his duplicate	46	25
Thomas Smith, collector of Middlesex township, for 1799	76	5
Alexander Bean, collector of Irwin township, for 1799	86	25
Benjamin Hers, collector of the Reserve Tract, for 1799	20	
Benjamin Ruffel, collector of Erie township, for 1799	36	43
John Hunter, collector of Plumb township, for 1799	112	10
William Cochran, collector of Buffalo township, for 1799	132	
James Kidd, collector of Mifflin township, for 1799, balance of his duplicate	48	19
John Semple, collector of Pitt township, for 1799	68	28
John M'Cafkin, collector of Pine township, for 1800	103	78
Richard M'Clure, collector of Elizabeth township, for 1800	288	10
Simpson Warder, collector of First Moon township, for 1800	228	40
Jonathan Martin, collector of Fayette township, the amount of his duplicate	252	69
Robert Smith and Elihu Frances, collectors of Versailles township, for 1800	128	72
Ezekiel Wilson, collector of Mifflin township, for 1800	372	
William Hall, collector of Robinson township, for 1800	87	97
Samuel M'Cord, collector of Pittsburgh, for 1800	512	
John Carnahan, collector of Deer township, for 1800	37	33
Nathaniel Plumer, collector of St. Clair township, for 1800	180	10
William Allison, collector of Plumb township, for 1800	128	
William Amberson, collector of Pitt township, for 1800	110	
Roger Alden, payment of his bond for taxes on Holland Company lands	1851	
Taxes upon unseated lands	744	80
	7351	99
Balance due the Treasurer 31st of December, 1800	998	58
	8350	57

	Dollars	Cts.
Balance due the Treasurer on the 1st of January, 1800, per Auditors report	152	31
Paid John Robinson, collector of Mifflin township, error in his duplicate	3	54
William Gray for repairing fire places in Commissioners Office	2	
Samuel M'Cord wood furnished the Jail	8	6
William Dunning for shovel, scraper and poker, for Recorder's Office	3	50
Joseph M'Ferran extra clerk to the Commissioners, 25 days service	31	25
John Barclay clerk to the Commissioners, 47 days service	58	75
William Gray, setting stoves in Court House	3	2
John Robinson extra carpenter work in Court House	1	2
Refunded Nathaniel Irish, cash paid for Tract in Third District, sold by the Commissioners, no such Tract in the Third District	5	
John Hamsher for stove pipes in Court House	114	50
William Dunning for iron work for stoves and stove pipes in Court House	44	63
Darragh and Giffin for measuring and calculating carpenter work of Court House	36	
Richard Sutton, constable, fees for service in a state action	10	43
William Porter, for sprigs and nails for Court House	15	25
George Adams, for 34 days service as Auditor	51	68
Adamson Tannehill, for 52 days service as Auditor	80	38
John Withrup, 957 bushels coal for use of Jail	63	80
Nathaniel Irish, junior, 49 days service as Clerk to the Commissioners, in 1799	65	33
Hans Morrison, Coroner, fees on two Inquisitions	21	50
William Dunning, for 78 days service as Commissioner, in 1799 and 1800	103	74
William Dunning, for smith work to Court House, by order of the Trustees	25	42
John Scull, for printing the Auditors and Commissioners annual Statements	98	
Samuel M'Cord, for coal for Jail	6	
George M'Gunnegle, for repairing lock of Court House	0	75
George M'Gunnegle, for key and repairs to Jail lock	2	50
William Dunning, 26 days service as Commissioner	34	28
James Robinson, 146 days service as Commissioner, in 1799 and 1800	194	18
Ebenezer Denny, 159 days service as Commissioner, in 1799 and 1800	211	47
Isaac Gregg, Clerk to the Commissioners, for 23 days service	28	75
James Brison, Prothonotary costs of ignoramus bills	45	84
Tarleton Bates, Prothonotary, his bills of costs, attorney and bench fees, sheriffs costs, &c. ignoramus bills and criminals	325	82
Thomas Riddle, costs on a state action	10	37
William Gormly, smith work at the Jail in 1793 and 1799	27	76
Henry Walthay, Esquire, costs on unfounded trials	9	89
George Wallace, Esquire, for cash paid for repairs to old Jail in 1793	8	
George Wallace, Esquire, for 43 days service as Commissioner in 1793	53	33
Margaret Duncan, coals for Commissioners Office	5	47
Samuel M'Cord, Jailkeeper, his fees and allowance for criminal prisoners, &c. from December 1st, 1799, to February 1st, 1800	135	3
William Dunning, for smith work for Jail	4	
For Circuit Court Docket and Seal and carriage of the same from Philadelphia and for county seal for the Prothonotary	45	73
George Robinson, for carpenter work in Court House, order of the Trustees	1000	
Robert Simpson, for nails for Court House, order of the Trustees	27	75
William Eichbaum, for window glass for Court House	6	39
Auditors appointed to settle George Robinson's bill of carpenter work of Court House, order of the Trustees	45	42
George Lowry for his attendance as witness for the Commonwealth in 1797	2	
John Wilkins, Esquire, one year's salary, ending May 5th, 1800	150	
William Cunningham, for cut stone for the Court House, order of the Trustees	208	77
James B. Clow, for plastering in Court House and Offices, order of the Trustees	55	49
Denny and Beelen, for Nails for Court House, order of the Trustees	15	55
James Campbell, attorney, fee for defending the County in a suit with William Gray, order of the Trustees	20	
Devereux Smith, Esq 10 days services as Trustee in 1797 & 1798, order of Trustees	13	33
William Elliot, 42 days service as Trustee, order of the Trustees	56	
John Wilkins, Esq. service as Trustee from 1795 to the end of 1800, order of Trustees	88	
Geo. Wallace, Esq service as Trustee from 1795 to the end of 1800, order of Trustees	62	
Denny and Beelen for stationary and postage of letters for Commissioners Office	12	
John Irwin, stationary for the Commissioners Office	2	67
Samuel M'Cord, for eleven cords wood for the Jail	19	66
James Robinson, for two cords of wood for the Jail	4	
Samuel M'Cord, for thirty six bushels of coal for the Jail	2	40
William Dunning, for a sett pump irons for a pump in the jail yard	15	16
William Watson, making and erecting a pump in the Jail yard	33	89
James Brison, Esquire, Prothonotary, costs of suit, the Commonwealth against Ephraim Thompson, who had not effects to pay the same	51	55
John Darragh, for window sash for jail	1	32
Sylvester Ash, sent express, for delivering the assessors north of the Allegheny river their duplicates	31	25
William Steel, stationary for Commissioners Office	5	77
John Woods, Esquire, service as counsel to the Commissioners	50	
William Gray, mason, building Court House, order of the Trustees	2000	
George Robinson, carpenter, work at Court House, order of the Trustees	500	
James Ross, Esquire, service as counsel to the Commissioners	10	
Ebenezer Denny, Commissioner, 47 days in full of his time	64	51
William Dunning, Commissioner, 44 days service	58	52
James Robinson, Commissioner, 47 days service	62	51
Nathaniel Irish, Commissioner, 16 days service	21	28
John Barclay, clerk to the Commissioners, 106 days and an half service	133	12
Sundry Collectors for exonerated tax, errors in their duplicates, &c	22	22
For wolf scalps	249	84
Some of the Collectors of 1798, 1799 and 1800	239	84
Allowed Collectors for lost taxes returned on oath	177	42
Allowed Collectors for unseated lands	134	22
Assessors for 1800	213	50
Assessors for taking the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants	122	77
William Anderson, mason work at the jail	4	10
Sylvester Ash for taking the duplicate to the assessor of Mead township	1	
Amos Mitchell, for wood for jail	9	
Agents, Inspectors, Judges and Clerks of the General Election	243	50
	8350	57

Amount of Tax laid on the several townships for the year 1800

Borough of Pittsburgh,	604	83
Pitt Township,	494	21
Plumb Township,	263	69
Versailles Township,	232	20
Elizabeth Township,	434	90
Mifflin Township,	440	34
St. Clair Township,	599	37
Fayette Township,	252	69
Robinson Township,	175	23
Part of First Moon Township,	294	4
Pine Township,	194	12
Deer Township,	188	92
	4074	60

Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collectors, for 1800.

Samuel M'Cord, collector of Pittsburgh,	512	
William Amberson, collector of Pitt township	110	
William Allison, collector of Plumb township	128	
Robert Smith and Elihu Frances, collectors of Versailles Township	128	72
Richard M'Clure, collector of Elizabeth Township	288	10
Ezekiel Wilson, collector of Mifflin Township	372	
Nathaniel Plumer, collector of St. Clair township	180	10
Jonathan Martin, collector of Fayette township	252	69
William Hall, collector of Robinson Township	87	97
Sampson Warden, collector of First Moon Township	288	40
John M'Cafkin, collector of Pine township	103	78
John Carnahan, collector of Deer township	37	33
	2489	9
Balance due by the Collectors for the year 1800	1585	51
	4074	60

437

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Dr. {Receipts and Expenditures in the Treasury of Allegheny County, for Allegheny, Beaver and Butler Counties, from the 1st of January 1800, to the 31st day of December, both days inclusive.} Cr.

	Dollars	Cts.
Received of James Rice, collector of Irwin township, for 1797, balance of his duplicate	5	24
Rufus S. Reed, collector of Erie township, for 1797	40	
Charles Phillis, collector of Beaver township, for 1797, balance of his duplicate	22	50
James M'Claran, collector of Irwin township, for 1798, balance of his duplicate	132	33
George Williams, collector of Fayette township, for 1798	81	
Wm. Wightman, collector, St. Clair township, for 1798, balance of his duplicate	25	39
Brice M'Geehan, collector of Versailles township, for 1798, balance of his duplicate	95	44
Casper Reed, collector of Pine township, for 1798,	32	
James M'Kee, collector of Plumb township, for 1798,	6	50
John M'Bride, collector of Deer township, for 1798,	48	75
Samuel M'Boyle, collector of Beaver township for 1799, balance of his duplicate	39	33
John Shaw, collector of Fayette township for 1799, balance of his duplicate	161	5
William Thompson, collector of St. Clair township, for 1799	171	25
John Kerr, collector of first Moon township, for 1799	117	28
William Shaw, collector of Versailles township, for 1799	82	46
Benjamin Cox, collector of Deer township for 1799, balance of his duplicate	60	87
Robert Johnston, collector of Beaver township, for 1799	69	27
Ezekiel Jones, collector of Peebles township, for 1799	108	25
William Cecil, constable of Pittsburgh, for 1799	55	3
Jonathan Evans, collector of Irwin township, for 1799	109	61
Wm. Rankin, collector of Elizabeth township, for 1799, balance of his duplicate	39	42
Samuel Jolly, collector of Peebles township for 1799, balance of duplicate	201	58
James Graham, collector of Pine township, for 1799, balance of his duplicate	46	25
Thomas Smith, collector of Middlesex township, for 1799	76	5
Alexander Bean, collector of Irwin township, for 1799	86	25
Benjamin Hers, collector of the Reserve Tract, for 1799	20	
Benjamin Ruffel, collector of Erie township, for 1799	36	43
John Hunter, collector of Plumb township, for 1799	112	10
William Cochran, collector of Buffalo township, for 1799	132	
James Kelso, collector of Allegheny township, for 1799, balance of his duplicate	48	19
John Semple, collector of Pitt township, for 1799	68	28
John M'Cain, collector of Pine township, for 1800	103	78
Richard M'Clure, collector of Elizabeth township, for 1800	288	10
Simpson Warden, collector of First Moon township, for 1800	228	40
Jonathan Martin, collector of Fayette township, the amount of his duplicate	252	69
Robert Smith and Elihu Frances, collectors of Versailles township, for 1800	128	72
Ezekiel Wilson, collector of Mifflin township, for 1800	372	
William Hall, collector of Robinson township, for 1800	87	97
Samuel M'Cord, collector of Pittsburgh, for 1800	512	
John Carnahan, collector of Deer township, for 1800	37	33
Nathaniel Plumer, collector of St. Clair township, for 1800	180	10
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William Amberson, collector of Pitt township, for 1800	110	
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	7351	99
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William Dunning for shovel, scraper and poker, for Recorder's Office	3	3
Joseph M'Ferran extra clerk to the Commissioners, 25 days service	31	25
John Barclay clerk to the Commissioners, 47 days service	58	75
William Gray, setting stoves in Court House	3	2
John Robinson extra carpenter work in Court House	1	2
Refunded Nathaniel Irish, cash paid for Tract in Third District, sold by the Commissioners, no such Tract in the Third District	5	
John Hamsher for stove pipes in Court House	114	50
William Dunning for iron work for stoves and stove pipes in Court House	44	63
Darragh and Giffin for measuring and calculating carpenter work of Court House	36	
Richard Sutton, constable, fees for service in a state action	10	43
William Porter, for sprigs and nails for Court House	15	25
George Adams, for 34 days service as Auditor	51	68
Adamson Tannehill, for 52 days service as Auditor	80	38
John Withrup, 957 bushels coal for use of Jail	63	80
Nathaniel Irish, junior, 49 days service as Clerk to the Commissioners, in 1799	65	33
Hans Morrison, Coroner, fees on two Inquisitions	21	50
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William Dunning, for smith work to Court House, by order of the Trustees	26	4
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William Gormly, smith work at the Jail in 1798 and 1799	27	76
Henry Westbay, Esquire, costs on unfounded trials	9	89
George Wallace, Esquire, for cash paid for repairs to old Jail in 1798	8	
George Wallace, Esquire, for 43 days service as Commissioner in 1798	53	33
Margaret Duncan, coals for Commissioners Office	5	47
Samuel M'Cord, Jailkeeper, his fees and allowance for criminal prisoners, &c. from December 1st, 1799, to February 2d, 1800	126	3
William Dunning, for smith work for Jail	4	
For Circuit Court Docket and Seal and carriage of the same from Philadelphia and for county seal for the Prothonotary	45	73
George Robinson, for carpenter work in Court House, order of the Trustees	1000	
Robert Simpson, for nails for Court House, order of the Trustees	27	75
William Eichbaum, for window glass for Court House	6	39
Auditors appointed to settle George Robinson's bill of carpenter work of Court House, order of the Trustees	45	42
George Lowry for his attendance as witness for the Commonwealth in 1797	2	
John Wilkins, Esquire, one year's salary, ending May 5th, 1800	150	
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Denny and Beelen, for Nails for Court House, order of the Trustees	15	55
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Devereux Smith, Esq. 10 days services as Trustee in 1797 & 1798, order of Trustees	13	33
William Elliot, 42 days service as Trustee, order of the Trustees	56	
John Wilkins, Esq. service as Trustee from 1795 to the end of 1800, order of Trustees	83	
Geo. Wallace, Esq. service as Trustee from 1795 to the end of 1800, order of Trustees	62	
Denny and Beelen for stationary and postage of letters for Commissioners Office	12	
John Irwin, stationary for the Commissioners Office	2	67
Samuel M'Cord, for eleven cords wood for the Jail	19	66
James Robinson, for two cords of wood for the Jail	4	
Samuel M'Cord, for thirty six bushels of coal for the Jail	2	40
William Dunning, for a left pump irons for a pump in the jail yard	15	16
William Watson, making and erecting a pump in the Jail yard	33	89
James Brison, Esquire, Prothonotary, costs of suit, the Commonwealth against Ephraim Thompson, who had not effects to pay the same	51	55
John Darragh, for window sash for jail	1	32
Sylvester Ash, sent express, for delivering the assessors north of the Allegheny river their duplicates	31	25
William Steel, stationary for Commissioners Office	5	77
John Woods, Esquire, service as counsel to the Commissioners	50	
William Gray, mason, building Court House, order of the Trustees	2000	
George Robinson, carpenter, work at Court House, order of the Trustees	500	
James Ross, Esquire, service as counsel to the Commissioners	10	
Ebenezer Denny, Commissioner, 47 days in full of his time	62	51
William Dunning, Commissioner, 44 days service	58	52
James Robinson, Commissioner, 47 days service	62	51
Nathaniel Irish, Commissioner, 16 days service	21	28
John Barclay, clerk to the Commissioners, 106 days and an half service	133	12
Sundry Collectors for exonerated tax, errors in their duplicates, &c.	22	22
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Some of the Collectors of 1798, 1799 and 1800	239	84
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Assessors for taking the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants	122	77
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Amos Mitchell, for wood for jail	9	
Agents, Inspectors, Judges and Clerks of the General Election	243	50
	8350	57

Amount of Tax laid on the several townships for the year 1800

Borough of Pittsburgh,	604	83
Pitt Township,	494	21
Plumb Township,	263	69
Versailles Township,	232	20
Elizabeth Township,	434	90
Mifflin Township,	440	34
St. Clair Township,	599	37
Fayette Township,	252	69
Robinson Township,	175	23
Part of First Moon Township,	294	4
Pine Township,	194	12
Deer Township,	188	92
	4074	60

Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collectors, for 1800.

Samuel M'Cord, collector of Pittsburgh,	512	
William Amberson, collector of Pitt township	110	
William Alison, collector of Plumb township	128	
Robert Smith and Elihu Frances, collectors of Versailles Township	128	72
Richard M'Clure, collector of Elizabeth Township	288	10
Ezekiel Wilson, collector of Mifflin Township	372	
Nathaniel Plumer, collector of St. Clair township	180	10
Jonathan Martin, collector of Fayette township	252	69
William Hall, collector of Robinson Township	87	97
Sampson Warden, collector of First Moon Township	288	40
John M'Cain, collector of Pine township	103	78
John Carnahan, collector of Deer township	37	33
	2489	9
Balance due by the Collectors for the year 1800	1585	51
	4074	60

BEAVER COUNTY

	Dollars	Cts.
d of Sampson Warden, collector of First Moon Township	108	
William Anderson, collector of South Beaver township	199	
Adam Wolf, collector of Sewickly township	59	
John Bryan, collector of Second Moon township	57	36
	423	36
Amount of Tax laid on the several Township, 1800.		
Part of First Moon township	149	54
Second Moon township	142	24
South Beaver township	250	3
Sewickly township	165	18
Part of North Beaver township	22	21
	729	20

	Dollars	Cts.
Commissioners, Clerk's time, assessing the tax, holding appeals, preparing lists of taxables and blank forms for officers of the general election, making out lists of the taxable inhabitants, transmitted to the Governor, stationary, &c.	79	43
Paid assessors of Second Moon, South Beaver, and Sewickly townships	69	33
Portion of assessors pay and taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants for First Moon, and North Beaver townships	17	75
Paid for taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants in Second Moon, South Beaver, and Sewickly townships	32	63
Paid Samuel M'Cord, jail keeper, fees and allowance for Jas. Wilson & Elizabeth M'Gill	7	7
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	80	
Paid surveyors for running the line dividing Butler and Beaver counties	22	40
Paid for wolf scalps	22	
	333	66
Balance in the treasury	92	70
	423	36
Paid the Treasurer by the Collectors for 1800		
Sampson Warden, collector of First Moon township	108	
John Bryan, collector of Second Moon township	57	36
Adam Wolf, collector of Sewickly township	59	
William Anderson, collector of South Beaver township	199	
	423	36
Balance due by the collectors, 31st December, 1800	305	84
	729	20

BUTLER COUNTY.

l of John Painter, collector of Buffaloe township	26	
John Shannon, collector of Conaqueneshing township	94	91
Daniel M'Connell, collector of Slippery rock township	220	4
	340	95
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	176	15
	517	10
Amount of Tax laid on the several townships		
Conequeneshing township	176	99
Part of Slippery rock township	345	98
Middlesex township	183	58
Part of Buffaloe township	82	53
	789	8

Commissioners and Clerk's time, assessing the tax, holding the appeals, preparing the necessary papers for the officers of the general election, making out lists of the taxable inhabitants transmitted to the Governor, stationary, &c.	84	
Paid express sent with duplicate to the assessor of Slippery rock	2	60
Paid assessors	83	25
Paid assessors for taking the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants	52	
Paid Prothonotary costs of ignoramus bills	15	82
Paid surveyor for running the boundary lines of the county	132	23
Paid Samuel Rippey and David Kerr, surveyors, for ascertaining the center of the county, by order of the Trustees	65	
Paid Abdiel M'Clure service as Trustee, per order of Trustees	12	
Paid James Amberson service as Trustee, per order of Trustees	12	
Paid William Elliot service as Trustee, per order of Trustees	9	33
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	41	21
Paid for wolf scalps	6	66
	517	10
Amount paid the Treasurer by the several collectors.		
John Shannon, collector of Conequeneshing township	94	91
Daniel M'Connel, collector of Slippery rock township	220	4
John Painter, collector of Buffaloe township	26	
	340	95
Balance due by the collectors, 31st December, 1800	448	13
	789	8

{Receipts and Expenditures in the Treasury of Allegheny county, of tax assessed for the year 1800 on Crawford county & the several counties under its jurisdiction, to the 31st Dec. 1800 inclusive.} Cr.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

l James Quigley's fine for refusal to serve as collector	20	
James Herrington's fine for refusal to serve as collector	20	
	40	
Balance due for warrants drawn on the Treasurer	200	77
	240	77
Amount of Tax laid on the several townships for the year 1800		
ownship,	494	79
township,	214	23
Oil creek township	9	27
	718	29

Commissioners and clerk's time spent in the assessment, holding the appeals, making out lists of taxables and blank forms for the gereral election, preparing lists of the taxable inhabitants for the Governor, stationary, &c.	64	66
Paid the express sent with the duplicates and instructions to the assessors	6	20
Paid the assessors	55	
Paid assessors for taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants	19	
Portion of expences assessing Oil creek township		3
Paid surveyors for running the line dividing Venango and Crawford counties	4	4
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	68	20
	240	79
Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collectors for 1800		
No payments made		
Due by the collectors 31st December 1800	718	29

MERCER COUNTY

ed of John Walker, collector of Neshanock township	76	25
Alexander Wright, collector of North Beaver township	64	3
	140	28
e due by warrants drawn on the Treasury	103	78
	244	6
Amount of Tax laid on the several townships for 1800.		
nock township	244	85
f North Beaver township in Mercer county	120	69
	365	54

Commissioners and clerk's time spent in the assessment, holding the appeals, preparing lists of the taxables and blank forms for the officers of the general election, making out lists of the taxable inhabitants transmitted the governor, stationary, &c.	53	
Paid the express sent with the duplicates and instructions to the assessors	5	20
Paid assessors assessing the tax and taking the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants	69	20
Paid surveyors runing the lines between Mercer & Venango & Mercer & Butler counties	56	91
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	53	10
Paid for wolf scalps	26	65
	244	6
Amount paid the Treasurer by Collectors, for 1800.		
John Walker, collector of Neshanock township	76	25
Alexander Wright, collector of North Beaver township	64	3
	140	28
Balance due by the collectors, 31st December, 1800	225	26
	365	54

ERIE COUNTY.

ived of Tristram Brown, collector of Greenfield township	73	58
William Black, collector of Erie township	31	
	104	85
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	144	44
	249	2
Amount of Tax laid on the several Townships for 1800		
nfield township	204	23
township	265	44
gfield township	118	20
of Oil creek	23	30
	611	17

Commissioners and clerk' time assessing the tax, holding the appeals, preparing the lists of taxables and blank forms for the officers of the general election, making out the lists of the taxable inhabitants transmitted the Governor, stationary, &c.	74	34
Paid the express sent with the duplicates and instructions to the assessors	7	89
Paid assessors	62	
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	101	55
Paid for wolf scalps	3	33
	249	2
Amount paid the Treasurer by the several Collectors for 1800.		
William Black, collector of Erie township	31	
Tristram Brown, collector of Greenfield township	73	58
	104	58
Balance due by the collectors, 31st December 1800	506	59
	611	17

BEAVER COUNTY

	Dollars	Cts.
of Sampson Warden, collector of First Moon Township	108	
William Anderson, collector of South Beaver township	199	
Adam Wolf, collector of Sewickly township	59	
John Bryan, collector of Second Moon township	57	36
	423	36

Amount of Tax laid on the several Township, 1800.		
Part of First Moon township	149	54
Second Moon township	142	24
South Beaver township	250	3
Sewickly township	165	18
Part of North Beaver township	22	21
	729	20

	Dollars	Cts.
Commissioners, Clerk's time, assessing the tax, holding appeals, preparing lists of taxables and blank forms for officers of the general election, making out lists of the taxable inhabitants, transmitted to the Governor, stationary, &c.	79	43
Paid assessors of Second Moon, South Beaver, and Sewickly townships	69	33
Portion of assessors pay and taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants for First Moon, and North Beaver townships	17	75
Paid for taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants in Second Moon, South Beaver, and Sewickly townships	32	63
Paid Samuel M'Cord, jail keeper, fees and allowance for Jas. Wilson & Elizabeth M'Gill	7	7
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	80	
Paid surveyors for running the line dividing Butler and Beaver counties	22	40
Paid for wolf scalps	22	
	333	66
Balance in the treasury	92	70
	423	36

Paid the Treasurer by the Collectors for 1800		
Sampson Warden, collector of First Moon township	108	
John Bryan, collector of Second Moon township	57	36
Adam Wolf, collector of Sewickly township	59	
William Anderson, collector of South Beaver township	199	
	423	36
Balance due by the collectors, 31st December, 1800	305	84
	729	20

BUTLER COUNTY.

of John Painter, collector of Buffaloe township	26	
John Shannon, collector of Conaqueneſſing township	94	91
Daniel M'Connell, collector of Slippery rock township,	220	4
	340	95
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	176	15
	517	10

Amount of Tax laid on the several townships		
Conequeneſſing township	176	99
Part of Slippery rock township	345	98
Middlesex township	183	58
Part of Buffaloe township	82	53
	789	8

Commissioners and Clerk's time, assessing the tax, holding the appeals, preparing the necessary papers for the officers of the general election, making out lists of the taxable inhabitants transmitted to the Governor, stationary, &c.	84	
Paid express sent with duplicate to the assessor of Slippery rock	2	60
Paid assessors	83	25
Paid assessors for taking the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants	52	
Paid Prothonotary costs of ignoramus bills	15	82
Paid surveyor for running the boundary lines of the county	132	23
Paid Samuel Rippey and David Kerr, surveyors, for ascertaining the center of the county, by order of the Trustees	66	
Paid Abdiel M'Clure service as Trustee, per order of Trustees	12	
Paid James Amberson service as Trustee, per order of Trustees	12	
Paid William Elliot service as Trustee, per order of Trustees	9	33
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	41	21
Paid for wolf scalps	6	66
	517	10

Amount paid the Treasurer by the several collectors.		
John Shannon, collector of Conequeneſſing township	94	91
Daniel M'Connel, collector of Slippery rock township	220	4
John Painter, collector of Buffaloe township	26	
	340	95
Balance due by the collectors, 31st December, 1800	448	13
	789	8

{Receipts and Expenditures in the Treasury of Allegheny county, of tax assessed for the year 1800 on Crawford county & the several counties under its jurisdiction, to the 31st Dec. 1800 inclusive.} Cr.

CRAWFORD COUNTY

James Quigley's fine for refusal to serve as collector	20	
James Herrington's fine for refusal to serve as collector	20	
	40	
Balance due for warrants drawn on the Treasurer	200	77
	240	77

Amount of Tax laid on the several townships for the year 1800		
ownship,	494	79
township,	214	23
Oil creek township	9	27
	718	29

Commissioners and clerk's time spent in the assessment, holding the appeals, making out lists of taxables and blank forms for the general election, preparing lists of the taxable inhabitants for the Governor, stationary, &c.	64	66
Paid the express sent with the duplicates and instructions to the assessors	6	20
Paid the assessors	55	
Paid assessors for taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants	19	
Portion of expences assessing Oil creek township	3	
Paid surveyors for running the line dividing Venango and Crawford counties	4	4
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	68	20
	240	79

Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collectors for 1800		
No payments made		
Due by the collectors 31st December 1800	718	29

MERCER COUNTY

ed of John Walker, collector of Neshanock township	76	25
Alexander Wright, collector of North Beaver township	64	3
	140	28
e due by warrants drawn on the Treasury	103	78
	244	6

Amount of Tax laid on the several townships for 1800.		
nock township	244	85
f North Beaver township in Mercer county	120	69
	365	54

Commissioners and clerk's time spent in the assessment, holding the appeals, preparing lists of the taxables and blank forms for the officers of the general election, making out lists of the taxable inhabitants transmitted the governor, stationary, &c.	53	
Paid the express sent with the duplicates and instructions to the assessors	5	20
Paid assessors assessing the tax and taking the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants	69	20
Paid surveyors runing the lines between Mercer & Venango & Mercer & Butler counties	56	91
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	53	10
Paid for wolf scalps	26	65
	244	6

Amount paid the Treasurer by Collectors, for 1800.		
John Walker, collector of Neshanock township	76	25
Alexander Wright, collector of North Beaver township	64	3
	140	28
Balance due by the collectors, 31st December, 1800	225	26
	365	54

ERIE COUNTY.

ived of Tristram Brown, collector of Greenfield township	73	58
William Black, collector of Erie township	31	
	104	85
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	144	44
	249	2

Amount of Tax laid on the several Townships for 1800		
nfield township	204	23
township	265	44
gfield township	118	20
of Oil creek	23	30
	611	17

Commissioners and clerk' time assessing the tax, holding the appeals, preparing the lists of taxables and blank forms for the officers of the general election, making out the lists of the taxable inhabitants transmitted the Governor, stationary, &c.	74	34
Paid the express sent with the duplicates and instructions to the assessors	7	80
Paid assessors	62	
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	101	55
Paid for wolf scalps	3	33
	249	2

Amount paid the Treasurer by the several Collectors for 1800.		
William Black, collector of Erie township	31	
Tristram Brown, collector of Greenfield township	73	58
	104	58
Balance due by the collectors, 31st December 1800	506	59
	611	17

VENANGO COUNTY.

	Dollars	Cts.
Received of Samuel Walden, collector of Irwin township	61	33
Hamilton M'Clintick, collector of Allegheny township	55	51
	116	84
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	6	169
	178	53

Amount of Tax laid on the several Townships for 1800.

Irwin township	147	3
Allegheny township	85	61
	232	64

	Dollars	Cts.
Commissioners and clerk's time spent in the assessment, holding appeals, preparing the lists of taxable inhabitants and blank forms for the officers of the general election, making copies of the lists of taxable inhabitants transmitted the Governor, stationary, &c.		3
Paid the express sent with the duplicates and instructions to the assessors	5	25
Paid assessors	31	
Paid assessors for taking the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants	23	
Paid surveyors in part for running the boundary lines of the county	38	7
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	31	60
Paid for wolf scalps	6	66
	178	53

Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collectors for 1800.

Samuel Walden, collector of Irwin township	61	33
Hamilton M'Clintick, collector of Allegheny township	55	51
	116	84
Balance due by Collectors 31st December 1800	115	80
	232	64

WARREN COUNTY

Received of Dennis Carrol, collector of Oil creek township	11	89
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	71	24
	83	13

Amount of Tax laid on Warren county, 1800

Oil creek township	70	5

	Dollars	Cts.
Commissioners and clerk's time spent in the assessment, holding appeals, preparing lists of the taxables and blank forms for the officers of the general election, making out lists of the taxable inhabitants transmitted to the Governor, stationary, &c.	28	98
Portion of assessors pay, assessing the tax, and taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants, and expresses sent with the duplicate to the assessor	22	5
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	32	10
	83	13

Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collector, for 1800.

Dennis Carrol, collector of Oil creek township	11	89
Due by the collector, 31st December 1800 for part of Oil creek township, Warren county	58	16
	70	5

Dr. {Receipts and Expenditures in the Treasury of Allegheny county, of tax laid on Armstrong county in the year 1800.} Cr.

Received of John Painter, collector of Buffaloe township	17	20
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	81	15
	98	35

Amount of Tax laid on the several townships for 1800.

Buffaloe township	212	88
Mahoning and Sipsey run township	15	5
	227	93

Amount of Tax unconfirmed Donation, Depreciation, and Warranted Lands in Allegheny county and the counties lately struck off the same, for 1800.	1563	62

	Dollars	Cts.
Commissioners and clerk's time assessing the tax, holding appeals, preparing blank forms, &c. for officers of the general election, lists of taxable inhabitants transmitted the Governor, stationary, &c.		23
Paid expresses sent with the duplicate to the assessor	2	00
Paid for service of the assessors, and taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants	39	1
Paid surveyors running the line between Butler and Armstrong counties	33	75
	98	35

Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collector, for 1800.

John Painter, collector of Buffaloe township	17	20
Due by the collectors the 31st December 1800	210	73
	227	93

Received for unlisted Donation, Depreciation and Warranted Lands, for the year 1800	16	55
Balance due for unlisted Donation, Depreciation, and Warranted Lands	1347	7
	1563	62

Insofar where the boundary lines of the new counties intersect townships, we cannot now exactly ascertain the sums belonging to each county from such divided townships, but have made the nearest approach we can in dividing to the several counties from the best information we could get at present.

William Dunning,
James Robinson,
Nathaniel Irish, } *Commissioners.*

Attest. John Barclay, Clerk.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of [illegible] by bond, note or book account, are desired to call and settle the same with the subscriber, on or before the last day of April next, after which time those who have not complied with this notice may depend on finding their accounts in the hands of a magistrate for collection.

FREDERICK [illegible]

January 27, 1801.

NEW GOODS.

Abner & Jesse Barker,

Have just received and are now opening at their store in Pittsburgh a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

suitable for the present and approaching season, which they offer for sale on very reduced prices for Cash or approved Country Produce.

They likewise keep on hand, as usual, an elegant assortment of Superfine and Common

Bolting Cloths,

which are warranted good.

Pittsburgh, December 27, 1800.

A quantity of
BARR IRON & CASTINGS
For Sale by
A. & J. BARKER.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 23, 1801.

Alexander M'Laughlin,

HAVING determined to discontinue [illegible] in Pittsburgh the next day of March next, once more carefully requests those indebted to him to make payment before that period. Delinquents may rest assured the most [illegible] method will be indiscriminately adopted to enforce payment. Those who have any claims are desired to present them that payment may be made.

Pittsburgh, December 16, 1800.

WANTED,

Beef, Pork, Flour and Whiskey.

ALSO,

Soap, Candles and Vinegar.

Apply to
OLIVER ORMSBY.

Sheriff's Sale.

By [illegible]

[illegible] Gazette, January 29, 1801.

NOTICE is hereby given, that [illegible] in pledge with the subscriber, in December, 1798, a Silver Watch, the property of [illegible] George—also, one Fur Hat and a Beaver Saddle, was pledged by Daniel Sinkard [illegible] seven capacities, in March, 1799—Watch, pledged by John Anderson the [illegible] November 1800. If the above articles are not redeemed before Wednesday the 11th day of March next, they will be sold by public sale, to defray the sums for which they are pledged.

JOHN BIRON.

Versailles township, Allegheny county, February 6, 1801.

List of Letters remaining in the Post Office, Meadville, January 1st, 1801.

ARMOR Hamilton, Mead township; Alexander Wilkinson, Waterford township; Andrews Daniel, Meadville; Andrews, [illegible]; Cole Isaac, Meadville; Campbell William, near Meadville; Dougherty Neal, near Meadville; Ewings [illegible]; Ewing William, care of David Mead, Esq. Meadville; Greer John, care of Joseph Hackney; Harriot James, Sugar creek; Morrison Andrew, care of John Brooks; Thompson Andrew, near Miles' Mill, French creek.

WILLIAM CHRISTY,

Returns his best thanks to his customers for the favors received, and hopes just to observe to them that he is now opening a large assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

which he will sell at the most reduced prices for Cash—and amongst which are the following Articles, viz.

BLACK, blue, olive, drab, parsons grey, London brown, and the most fashionable mixed 7/4 broadcloths.

Low priced plains and 6/4 cloths.

Plain, fancy, and elastic knit coatings.

Kerseys, kerseys, green baize, flannels, &c.

Large sole blankets.

Cotton slript, and a variety of fancy cassimers.

Genoa fancy cord, velvets, corduroys, &c.

Black, blue, green, and purple camblets.

Black, blue, green, and purple tabbeens.

Black, blue, green, and purple durant.

Black, white and fashion coloured gloves.

Hose and Stockings.

Queensware and China.

Hyson, hyson skin, souchong, and bohea teas.

Coffee, loaf, lump and Muscovado sugars.

Common groceries of every denomination.

Also, a quantity of Castings and Bar Iron, a regular supply of which will be kept up, with a view of accommodating merchants descending the Ohio.

Pittsburgh, January 8, 1801.

A D D R E S S

AND INFORMATION TO THE PEOPLE OF THE WESTERN COUNTRY.

Gentlemen,

WHEREAS the subscriber has been for a series of years past, assiduously and exclusively employed in procuring Iron Bank and bringing to perfection, that beneficial business of making pot-metal and bar iron. Through much difficulty at length he has a furnace and forge now in his own possession and now making all sorts of castings compleat—6d 7 and ten plate stoves and Bar Iron: it is well known to be of the best quality in the western country, for Bar iron and nail rods, &c. &c.

Finding, however, that from the scarcity of money, it is very difficult to carry on such works to perfection—for the good of the country and myself; and as want is the mother of invention, takes this method of trying to procure stock for the ensuing year, and most cordially will use that his just intention might meet the approbation of his fellow citizens, and from a confidential regard, to do justice to all men, he hopes he will not be deceived in carrying on to advantage: but being impressed with the important truth, that the hearts of rulers and people are in the hands of the Almighty, and without his blessing no work can prosper, but through his unbounded mercies and good guidance, has carried me on to make upwards of twenty thousand pounds worth of metal, and five thousand worth of bar iron, in the seven years past; and upheld me, when men and companies of good property have fell through. I consider their loss, knowing it is hard times for them that have the best fortunes and good luck in the iron business to stand. It is hoped that the good people will consider the men and man, that have ventured their fortunes, and exposed themselves to the greatest hardships in the world, to engage in making Iron; without that metal, spinning wheels would cease. For my part, I have spent thousands of a thousand nights at hard labour, when others were taking their ease in bed, beating Fire from the wheels and keeping the bellows going on;—my furnace blows almost without ceasing, metal can be had at all times, at reasonable terms. I hope to keep nails a little, nail rods, and sheet and bar iron at the furnace, which is in five miles of Union Town, Fayette county, Pennsylvania. If the good people of the Western country, will give my notes or bills credit, for one year from their date, from one dollar to ten, to pass equal to gold or silver, as they will be received at the said subscriber's Farmers Furnace, one year after date, for any sort of his metal or iron;—and further, I pledge my honor and credit, to the public, that if it suits the bearer of the notes or bills, to take cash, with giving one month's notice, at the office at said furnace, kept for that purpose, that they would chearfully in exchange, shall have it for all the notes they hold, at the time of one month after they are due. Metal will be paid punctually, on the day the notes become due; if any person wants any particular metal cast, he will be pleased to leave it one month before his notes become due with the manager or at the office. It is hoped that the subscriber will get four or five thousand pounds worth of steel, and provisions in the ensuing year. Good wood choppers wanted, for which part will be paid in cash, some iron and steel, some store goods, &c.

I am the public's humble servant,

JOHN HAYDON.

VENANGO COUNTY.

	Dollars	Cts.
Received of Samuel Walden, collector of Irwin township	61	33
Hamilton M'Clintick, collector of Allegheny township	55	51
	116	84
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	6	169
	178	53

Amount of Tax laid on the several Townships for 1800.

Irwin township	147	3
Allegheny township	85	61
	232	64

	Dollars	Cts.
Commissioners and clerk's time spent in the assessment, holding appeals, preparing the lists of taxable inhabitants and blank forms for the officers of the general election, making copies of the lists of taxable inhabitants transmitted the Governor, stationary, &c.	3	
Paid the express sent with the duplicates and instructions to the assessors	5	20
Paid assessors	31	
Paid assessors for taking the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants	23	
Paid surveyors in part for running the boundary lines of the county	38	7
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	31	60
Paid for wolf scalps	6	66
	178	53

Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collectors for 1800.

Samuel Walden, collector of Irwin township	61	33
Hamilton M'Clintick, collector of Allegheny township	55	51
	116	84
Balance due by Collectors 31st December 1800	115	80
	232	64

WARREN COUNTY

Received of Dennis Carrol, collector of Oil creek township	11	89
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	58	16
	70	5

Account of Tax laid on Warren county, 1800.

Part of Oil creek township	70	5

	Dollars	Cts.
Commissioners and clerk's time spent in the assessment, holding appeals, preparing lists of the taxables and blank forms for the officers of the general election, making out lists of the taxable inhabitants transmitted to the Governor, stationary, &c.	28	98
Portion of assessors pay, assessing the tax, and taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants, and expresses sent with the duplicate to the assessor	22	5
Paid agents, inspectors, judges and clerks of the general election	32	10
	83	13

Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collector, for 1800.

Dennis Carrol, collector of Oil creek township	11	89
Due by the collector, 31st December 1800 for part of Oil creek township, Warren county	58	16
	70	5

Dr. Receipts and Expenditures in the Treasury of Allegheny county, of tax laid on Armstrong county in the year 1800. Cr.

Received of John Pointer, collector of Buffalo township	17	20
Balance due per warrants drawn on the Treasurer	81	15
	98	35

Amount of Tax laid on the several townships for 1800.

Buffalo township	213	83
Kittanning township	15	5
	227	93

Amount of Tax laid on Donation, Depreciation and Warranted Land in Armstrong county, by the assessors of that county, for 1800.	345	62

	Dollars	Cts.
Commissioners and clerk's time spent assessing the tax, holding appeals, preparing blank forms, &c. for officers of the general election, lists of taxable inhabitants transmitted the Governor, stationary, &c.	23	
Paid expresses with the duplicate to the assessor	2	60
Paid collectors on off the assessors, and taking the enumeration of taxable inhabitants	39	1
Paid surveyors running the line between Butler and Armstrong counties	33	75
	98	36

Amount paid the Treasurer by the Collector, for 1800.

John Pointer, collector of Buffalo township	17	20
Due by the collectors the 31st December 1800	210	73
	227	93

Received for unlocated Donation, Depreciation and Warranted Lands for the year 1800	16	55
Balance due for unlocated Donation, Depreciation, and Warranted Lands	1347	7
	1345	62

Reports which the [illegible] of the new counties of Butler & Armstrong, we cannot now exactly ascertain the sums belonging to each county from such divided townships, but have made [illegible]

William Dunning,
James Robinson,
Nathaniel Irish, } *Commissioners.*

Attest. John Barclay, Clerk.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the estate of [illegible] in Pittsburgh, at the mouth of Beaver [illegible] once more call upon those indebted to them to make payment at home or at [illegible] Those who neglect this request may depend upon finding their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection, as the above method will be strictly complied with after the first day of April next, when compulsive measures will be taken to enforce payment. Those who have accounts are desired to present them for payment before that time.

January 23, 1801.

NEW GOODS.

Abner & Jesse Barker,

Have just received from Philadelphia a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable for the present and approaching season, which they offer for sale at the lowest prices for Cash or approved country produce. They flatter themselves that their assortment will be found complete, and worthy the attention of purchasers.

Bolting Cloths,

Which are warranted good.

Pittsburgh, December 23, 1800.

A quantity of
BARR IRON & CASTINGS
For Sale by
A. & J. BARKER.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 23, 1801.

Alexander M'Laughlin,

HAVING declined [illegible] in Pittsburgh, at the mouth of Beaver [illegible] once more calls upon those indebted to him to make payment at home or at [illegible] Those who neglect this request may depend upon finding their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection, as the above method will be strictly complied with after the first day of April next, when compulsive measures will be taken to enforce payment. Those who have accounts are desired to present them for payment before that time, as no longer indulgence can be given.

Pittsburgh, December 23, 1800.

WANTED,

[illegible], Pork, Flour and Whiskey.
ALSO,
[illegible], Candles and Vinegar.
[illegible] CRAIG & CRAIGHEAD.

Sheriff's Sale.

[illegible]

Notice is hereby given, that [illegible] the property of [illegible] will be exposed to public sale, at the house of [illegible] in the borough of Washington, on the first Monday of March next, being the 2d day of the month, and will be sold to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the several writs to me directed.

JOHN ELDON.

Washington, Allegheny county, February 6, 1801.

List of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Meadville, January 1st, 1801.

[illegible]

WILLIAM CHRISTY,

Returns his best thanks to his customers for the liberal encouragement he has received, and begs leave to inform the public that he has just returned from the city of Philadelphia with a large assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he will sell at the most reduced rates for cash or country produce, at his old stand in Pittsburgh, which are the following articles, viz.

BLACK, blue, olive, drab, pahsons grey, [illegible] green broad cloths, and the most fashionable colors for [illegible] broad cloths.

Low priced pelisse and 6 4 cloths.

Fancy, grey, and white flannel coatings.

[illegible], kerseys, green baize, flannels, &c.

[illegible] shalloons.

Rich [illegible], and a variety of fancy coatings.

Rich fancy cord, velvets, corduroys, &c.

Black, blue, green, and pink [illegible] proofs.

Black, blue, green, and purple [illegible].

Black, blue, green, and purple circulars.

Black, white and fashion colored gloves.

[illegible] and stockings.

Fine and coarse hats.

Bonnets, bonnet ribbons, feathers, and fashionable trimmings.

Muscovado sugars.

A general assortment of groceries of every description.

Also, a quantity of Castings and Barr Iron, a regular supply of which will be kept up, with a view of accommodating merchants detached from town.

Pittsburgh, January 6, 1801.

ADDRESS

AND INFORMATION TO THE PEOPLE OF THE WESTERN COUNTRY.

Gentlemen,

WHEREAS the subscriber has been for a series of years past, assiduously and exclusively employed in procuring Iron Banks, perfectly [illegible] to perfection, that beneficial business of making pot-metal and bar iron. Through [illegible] he has a furnace and forge now in full operation, and now making all sorts of castings complete—6 4 and 7 4 plate stoves and Iron [illegible]; it is well known to be of the best quality in the western country, with Bar Iron and nail rods, &c. &c.

Finding, however, that from the scarcity of money, it is very difficult to carry on such works to perfection—for the good of the country and myself; and as want is the mother of invention, takes this method of trying to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

From the Gazette of the United States.

SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

Extracted from a letter.

"I acknowledge the greater satisfaction in receiving yours, as it evinces so much zeal in a season of despondence. My whole heart is with you—it is time to brace our nerves and meet difficulties in the face, or they will continue to pursue us. Single efforts, spasms of exertion will not do. They are not adapted to the nature of the enemy that we have to combat.—Trials of strength, simply, suffice only for generous foes. Experience ought, long since, to have taught us, that exhibitions of our superiority, are signals only of future defeat. They are experiments which only better teach our adversaries the *quantum* of strength, and still more, the tactics requisite for victory. Blind in our own honesty, we have been children in political warfare. Delighted with the glitter of the sun among the clouds, we have been little more than charmed with the contrast, unmindful that the wind has ceased to blow from the region of sunshine and health, and that these changes in create foul and unwholesome weather.

"Nothing will now avail us but a zeal and an effort as universal and unremitting as the passions have displayed since the origin of our national existence. The thunders of Heaven, often cannot effect what may be done by the continued gnawings of an insect. The history of the party, from pristine contempt and nothingness, to such formidable strength, from secret and unallowed murmurs, to these clamourous menaces, from skulking opposition and unseen stabs at the constitution and government, to avowed hostility to both, furnishes the best commentary on the omnipotence of perseverance. Our defeat has taught us more than we should have learnt from a thousand victories. We can no longer cherish the delusion, that truth and political virtue form their own armour; that insecure and unaided, they are more than a counterpoise to the industry and ingenuity of vice. We now know, that in the eyes of an uninformed, though well meaning public, they may be reduced with success, covered over with obloquy for falsely imputed faults. We know too, that their image, their attire, their address may be assumed and imposed upon the people, with fraudulent effect, by corrupted and vicious citizens.

"But, though we are awakened to the necessity of vigilance and zeal in defence of even the best causes, yet truth and honour deny us the weapons which have so much availed our opponents.——*Our* habits, *our* hearts, *our* connections demand an adherence to *elevated* and *honourable* PRINCIPLES.—We must endeavour to counterbail, by *fortitude* and *indefatigable exertion*, the odds in favour of our adversaries, by whose disgraceful arms, which have, at length, gained them their recent triumphs—arms, which, alas! must always be so effective, perhaps ultimately irresistible while there are fallibility and corruption in human nature. And yet the history of human things impels us to exclaim, that vigilance or perseverance can equal the restless activity of spirits disposed to do evil!

"Here one might well sigh for the durability of a republic. The basis of all true liberty seems one to be fast melting away. Private confidence, public spirit, national honour, liberal policy, love of country,—in short, pure morals, noble manners, and the general diffusion of knowledge—where are they!—what ground have we to hope for the attainment and preservation of either? On the contrary, the prejudices of the people have been flattered, their passions have been excited and habitually cherished, false and visionary notions industriously instilled into them.

"What sort of efforts can we expect from our governing rulers, in order to eradicate these prejudices, these passions, these fallacious sentiments which they have been cultivating for years, and to which they owe their election? The people have been taught by demagogues to unite with the maxim, that reasonable restraint is the pledge of permanent liberty. They have been familiarized with the monstrous idea, that *anarchy, disorder*, and perfect *misrule* are terms synonimous. They have likewise been taught to prize their money: They have been habituated to set in the balance against national improvements; against the defence and glory of their country, and against every thing which is worthy the efforts of a great people. So continually have their minds been recalled, by those who govern better, to this darling idol, that it has grown too precious to be wasted in the preservation of their morals and in diffusing among them elementary notions of the general interests of the country. It would be questioning the infallibility of (what the demagogues are ever calling, by way of opposition) the Sovereign People, to suppose, that *their* morals require improved, or, that *they* need any instruction in the science of politics. Hooted at, would that legislator who should propose the best digested plan on earth, for conveying knowledge of morals and government, to all the citizens, and decided that the operation of it should require any *expence*. It would be modelling the idol, which has been conjured up by the sophistry of the hunters of popularity. Little more quarter would the author of such a measure find, than, what would have been the lot of the sacrilegious violators of temples or of household gods.

"Upholding the basis of permanent liberty and national happiness and glory thus tottering already, I am forced to relinquish, though with all my best hopes as a patriot:—I am forced to take much from those flattering prospects, which I once fancied, of the future destiny of my country.—I cannot help viewing, in the catastrophe of so many perished republics, the sad and that, possibly, not very remote, of it in our own. There is too much probability in the prediction, that we shall add one melancholy example to the uninterrupted list of REPUBLICS *ruined by the arts of* POPULAR MEN.

"Philosophers may descant, on the advantages to be derived from the collected wisdom and experience of ages: But I fear, that as far as they apply to *general practice*, either moral or political, they will have been accumulated for little else than to be subjects of their *speculation*. The passions and weaknesses seem still incident to the nature of men, the same inability to draw lessons from the experience of others, the same pertinacity in believing themselves exceptions to the history of human nature, still exist, as have existed heretofore.

"But, though the efforts of patriots cannot controul the fate of their country; cannot ultimately prevail against the league which forever exists, between ambition, corruption and ignorance, it is not less their duty to stem the tide that bears upon the ruin of their country. This event, in common with every thing which is future, must be, in a degree, uncertain. It is enough that they can retard the misery, if they cannot secure the permanent felicity of their country. This must still remain with him who gave it birth. Nothing human is stationary or secure against decay. Absurd, therefore, would it be, to remit the most assiduous exertions, in the noblest of all causes, because those exertions are insufficient to stamp perfection upon human institutions, or to divert, into new channels, the current of human nature."

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES.

REPORT.

The committee appointed to enquire into the expediency of carrying on any further trade with the Indians, on a capital furnished by the U. States,—REPORT,

That in pursuance of the laws heretofore passed by Congress on that subject, two trading houses or factories have been established; one in the state of Tennessee, and another in the state of Georgia; and of the sums appropriated by Congress, the sum of ninety thousand one hundred fifteen dollars ninety cents has been drawn from the treasury, for the purpose of forming those establishments and purchasing and conveying goods suitable for trade with the Indians of the Cherokee and Creek nations—That the laws aforesaid expired on and no law was passed at the last session of Congress to continue the establishment and trade aforesaid; although the committee to whom the subject was then referred, reported, that it was expedient to continue the trade.

The committee further report—

That from the accounts in the treasury department, rendered by the persons who superintend those establishments or factories, the present state of this trade cannot be ascertained; and although this trade may have produced some advantages in attaching the Indians to the government of the United States by affording them necessaries and avoiding the animosities which might be produced by the abuses of private traders—yet those have not been of such magnitude as to justify, in the opinion of the committee, any extension or increase of the capital stock however proper it may be to continue the trade on the stock now veiled for some time.

The committee unwilling to abandon institutions of public utility, and convinced that the establishment of Indian houses with proper management, contribute to the attainment of important advantages; and not having ascertained with any precision, how far the present establishment may be maintained without loss to the United States, therefore recommend the following resolution.

Resolved, That it is expedient to provide by law for the continuance of the trade and trading houses heretofore by law established on the capital already drawn from the treasury, for one year, and from thence to the end of the next session of Congress; and that provision should be made in such law, for the better regulation of said trading houses, and prescribing the duties of the agents employed therein.

In the House of Representatives of the United States, on the 10th of February, Mr. Harper said, that he wished to call the attention of the house to a subject which had become interesting to its own honour and the honour of the nation. It was the subject of the calumnies so industriously propagated respecting the sums in the treasury and war departments, especially the former.—Had those calumnies, sir, said Mr. Harper, continued to be confined to certain Gazettes in this country, whose daily occupation every body knows is to invent and promulgate slanders at once the most attrocious against the government, and all who are attached to it or concerned in its administration, I for one should certainly have continued to regard them with the profoundest contempt, for I well know that filth thus thrown, cannot tarnish the reputation of men of honour and character, much less of the government itself. But, Mr. Speaker, these calumnies have assumed a far more imposing and dangerous form. They are uttered, sir, by men in this place (it will certainly not be supposed that I allude to any honourable member of this house)—They are uttered, sir, by men in this place, whose stations give weight to their testimony, and must be considered, in distant parts of the country especially, as entitling their assertions to belief. Yes, sir, there are found men in this place, men too, let me repeat it, whose stations give weight to their testimony, and who are profligate enough, far enough lost to all sense of honour, truth and decency, to state in private letters, as a fact fully established and admitted, that the war and treasury offices, especially the latter, were set on fire by the chief officers themselves, in order to destroy the evidences of their own peculation.—This abominable calumny, sir, one of the foulest and most malicious that party spirit has yet fabricated, is asserted as a well known fact by letters from this place, written by men of station and name. I know the fact, sir; I state it on the authority of competent and sufficient testimony. Those letters are handed about, and their contents are industriously circulated in other letters, which disseminate them through all parts of the country.

Since this calumny has assumed such a shape; since it is thus propagated and supported, it is necessary to crush it by an authentic enquiry.—It becomes necessary to investigate the subject, that the truth may be displayed to the eyes of the nation thus attempted to be abused and misguided. For this purpose I move the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to enquire into the causes of the late fires in the war and treasury departments, and to report their opinion thereon to the house, with such facts and documents as may, in their opinion, be necessary for explaining the subject fully. And that the said committee have power to send for persons, papers and records.

The resolution was adopted, and a committee of seven appointed. The following members were named on the committee:—Messrs. Nicholas, Macon, Livingston, Gallatin, Varnum, Harper and Wain.

LANCASTER, February 21.

The legislature of Pennsylvania have passed an act of great importance in relation to the Connecticut intrusion on our lands. Both parties concurred. It is provided and enacted, that settlement and possession on and of any of our lands shall be sufficient to subject to the penalties of the law, unless the person shall prove he has a good and real Pennsylvania title. The penalties run as far as one thousand dollars fine, and seven years imprisonment at hard labour, according to circumstances. The profits of an estate, which is kept from a Pennsylvania owner, are made recoverable on and with the decision of the ejectment. Persons ejected may, at commencement of suit, be held to special bail. All persons going to settle in the country within the late Connecticut claim, must report themselves and the title, under which they pretend or claim to hold under a penalty in money. An agent is to be appointed by the governor to ascertain and report intruders, in order to prosecution. In all ejectments the party ejected must put in his plea the first term, or judgment is to be given against him by default. Resistance of the agent is to be punished by fine and imprisonment at hard labor. The governor is empowered to call out the militia to support the agent, if he apprehend danger to the states agent. Other measures are under the consideration of the legislature. The state seems determined to act against this criminal and pernicious intrusion with effect. The state of Connecticut has abandoned her pretension, and releated it to the use of Pennsylvania. That state (Connecticut) never alienated in any form, to any settler, claimant, or company. The federal and state courts have uniformly decided against the Connecticut claim from 1782 to the present time. Yet Pennsylvania, in her last act of favour and moderation has purchased of her citizens more lands than were settled before the decree of Trenton, and sold them to the first Connecticut settlers within that country at a loss of 120,000 dollars, from humanity and liberality. The conduct of the state, in its future very energetic measures will therefore be perfectly justifiable, before God and our country.

Allegheny County, to wit.

LIST OF CAUSES

Set down at December Term 1800, for trial at March Term, 1801.

John Gibson	vs	Samuel Lord
David Semple's adms.	vs	Samuel Sample
George Morgan	vs	Wm. Turnbull
Adam Burchfield	vs	Wm. Fulton
David Cay's exrs.	vs	Wm. Morrow and John M'Cormick
Samuel Lord	vs	John Gibson
Wm. Fickling	vs	Wm. Irwin
Lessee of Robt. Morris	vs	Samuel Stoops and John Carry
Same	vs	Robert Hall esq.
Same	vs	Stephen Hall
Same	vs	James Hall
Same	vs	John Harbeson
Same	vs	Wm. Harbeson
Same	vs	Wm. Hall 2
Same	vs	Abraham Freyer
Robert Colville	vs	Robert Vanse
Lessee of Jas. Laughlin	vs	Wm. Boggs
John Pealman	vs	Joseph Davis
James Glass	vs	James Baird
Daniel Duncan's adm.	vs	Wm. Morrow
Wm. Skiles	vs	Thomas Crabb
Cunningham & Findly	vs	Benoni Dawson
Alex. W. Foster	vs	James Park
Mary, widow of Robert Williams	vs	Andrew Robertson
John Webster	vs	John Snearly
Nathan Gregg	vs	John & M. M'Leod
Thomas Cheney	vs	Benjamin I. Brice
James O'Hara	vs	—— Simons
John Abercrombie	vs	John Redick
Thomas Deady	vs	James O'Hara
Lessee of Dan. Green	vs	John Jack
Bernard Vanhorn	vs	Jacob Phillis
Same	vs	Same
Lessee of John Elliot	vs	Wm. Cooley
Devereux Smith's exrs.	vs	Wm. Butler's exrs.
Alexander Cooper	vs	John Hamilton
Joseph Thompson	vs	Joseph M'Nitt
John Noble	vs	David Nelson
John Robinson	vs	David Kerr's adm.
Susannah, with Ercurius Beatty	vs	James Patterson
Lessee of H. Stephens	vs	John Smith
Lessee of John Davis	vs	David Mead, Esquire
Wm. Hunter	vs	Wm. Nailor, Esquire
John Boon	vs	Nathaniel Coleman
James M'Callester	vs	Joseph Arbuckle
John Ferree	vs	Richard Porter
James M'Mahan	vs	Wm. Wusthoff
F. Haymaker	vs	G. Power & C. Cox
Robert Clark	vs	Alexander Fowler
Robert Kean	vs	Charles Martin
Lessee of Chs. Symmes	vs	Wm. M'Cullough
Robert Fowler	vs	Alexander Bell
Peacock & Wrenshall	vs	Nathan Gregg
J. Clark & J. Sanderson	vs	Thomas Miles
Catharine Plumer	vs	David Johnson
John Noble and wife	vs	David Nelson
John Sloan	vs	John Moor
James Ferguson	vs	Thomas Adams
James M'Cowin, aff.	vs	Anthony Hites
Lessee of Ar. Gardner	vs	G. Vallandigum, T. Moore, and Henry Potter
Robert Sproul	vs	Joseph Sproul
Lessee of Jas Robinson	vs	Henry Loudenback
Elie Williams	vs	John & Wm. Elliot
Thomas King	vs	John Heron, esquire
J. Nicholson & others	vs	John Hutchison
John Bartlett	vs	John Bevers
Robert Cannon	vs	James Burch
James Boyd	vs	Isaac Walker
John Dayly	vs	Gabriel Peterson
John Davis	vs	John Pealman jr. & al.
John Weams, aff.	vs	James Park
Robert Callender	vs	Alexander Speers
Joseph Collins	vs	James Moore
M. Swaltwelder's exs.	vs	Wm. Green
Arthur Gardner	vs	Henry Kerkendall
Same	vs	Ezekiel Jones
Wm. Woods	vs	George Hartshorne
James Anderson	vs	Robert Gilfin
Robert Galbraith, esq.	vs	Wm. Dixon
Jon. Coulter, esq.	vs	James Moor
Thomas Hamilton	vs	Peter Cool
Arthur Gardner	vs	John Jones
Simon Small	vs	Wm. Amberson
James Carswell	vs	Ric. Hancock & wife
James Gallagher	vs	J Horner & D M'Nair
Abdiel M'Clure	vs	Nathaniel Patterson
James Alcorn	vs	Robert Smith
Jas and Jof Patterson	vs	Dunning M'Nair
George Bowers	vs	Garrat Covert
Andrew Cook	vs	Wm. M'Laughlin
John Stewart	vs	James G. Heron special bail of John Young
James Sharon	vs	Wm. Pollock
Wm. Hains	vs	Arthur Gardner
Wm. Cheney	vs	John White
Mathias Hook	vs	John Bever
Joseph Hage	vs	Wm. Gray
Samuel Selby	vs	Wm. Dunning
Wm. Gray	vs	Charles Mathews
Dunning M'Nair	vs	George Bowers
Wm. Gray	vs	George Leightenberger
Same	vs	Philip Mowrey
Nehem. Stokely's exs.	vs	Wm. Hamilton, G. Barkly and Thomas Hamilton
R Sharp and R Barnet	vs	Isaac Gregg
Daniel Sutton	vs	Robert Hays
John M'Millan	vs	W. Rols and S. Boyd
James Horner and Co.	vs	Nathaniel Mallory
Dunning M'Nair	vs	G. Lesley, N. Irish, and James Brison
Francis Rupp	vs	Ennion Williams
R. and J. Brotherton	vs	Samuel Ripny
Robert Simpson	vs	James Perry
James M'Clure	vs	Peter Lisle and Edward Peoples
Dunning M'Nair	vs	Nicholas Whittingen
Francis Wilson	vs	John Reed
Same	vs	Same
Same	vs	Same
Walter Williams	vs	T. Williams & others

A COOPER,

WHO will engage to work for Twelve Months, will have Tools furnished him, and will meet with encouragement, by applying at this Office.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 27, 1801.

SPORTSMAN,

WILL *stand to cover Mares this season at the following places, viz. the last week in March at the plantation wherein the subscriber lives, near Wingfield mills, in St. Clair township, the week following at the ferry of Ephraim Jones, Esq. on the Monongahela river, opposite Pittsburgh, from 9 o'clock on the first day to 5 o'clock on Saturday evening, and the four first days of the week following at the mill of John Fawcett, on Chartiers creek, Washington county, and so alternately during the season, which will end on the last of June, at the low price of Three Dollars and one bushel of oats the season, one dollar and an half the single leap, and Six Dollars for insuring a colt; the oats to be brought with the Mare, the money for the season to be paid on the first of October next, and the insurance when it is known that the Mare is with colt.*

SPORTSMAN, is 6 years old, 16 hands high, a chesnut sorrel, has a small star in his forehead, full blooded, of the hunting brain. It is deemed needless to say more respecting him, as I have no doubt his appearance is equal to any horse in the country.

WILLIAM ROSS.

Allegheny county, February 21, 1801.

ALMANACKS

For the Year 1801,

May be had at the Printing Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, by the single, dozen or piece.

November 13, 1800.

From the Gazette of the United States.

SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

Extracted from a letter.

"I acknowledge the greater satisfaction in receiving yours, as it evinces so much zeal in a season of despondence. My whole heart is with you—it is time to brace our nerves and meet difficulties in the face, or they will continue to pursue us. Single efforts, spasms of exertion will not do. They are not adapted to the nature of the enemy that we have to combat.—Trials of strength, simply, suffice only for gross foes. Experience ought, long since, to have taught us, that exhibitions of our superiority, are signals only of future defeat. They are experiments which only better teach our adversaries the *quantum* of strength, and still more, the tactics requisite for victory. Blind in our own honesty, we have been children in political warfare. Delighted with the glitter of the sun among the clouds, we have been little more than charmed with the contrast, unmindful that the wind has ceased to blow from the region of sunshine and health, and that these changes in create foul and unwholesome weather.

"Nothing will now avail us but a zeal and an effort as universal and unremitting as the passions have displayed since the origin of our national existence. The thunders of Heaven, often cannot effect what may be done by the continued gnawings of an insect. The history of the party, from pristine contempt and nothingness, to such formidable strength, from secret and unallowed murmurs, to these clamourous menaces, from skulking opposition and unseen stabs at the constitution and government, to avowed hostility to both, furnishes the best commentary on the omnipotence of perseverance. Our delusion has taught us more than we should have learnt from a thousand victories. We can no longer cherish the delusion, that truth and political virtue form their own armour; that unaccompanied and unaided, they are more than a counterpoise to the industry and ingenuity of vice. We now know, that in the eyes of an uninformed, though well meaning public, they may be produced with success, covered over with obloquy for falsely imputed faults. We know too, that their image, their attire, their address may be assumed and imposed upon the people, with abundant effect, by corrupted and vicious citizens.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES.

REPORT.

The committee appointed to enquire into the expediency of carrying on any further trade with the Indians, on a capital furnished by the U. States,—REPORT,

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The committee further report—

That from the accounts in the treasury department, rendered by the persons who superintend those establishments or factories, the present state of this trade cannot be ascertained; and although this trade may have produced some advantages in attaching the Indians to the government of the United States by affording them necessaries and avoiding the animosities which might be produced by the abuses of private traders—yet those have not been of such magnitude as to justify, in the opinion of the committee, any extension or increase of the capital stock however proper it may be to continue the trade on the stock now vested for some time.

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Resolved, That it is expedient to provide by law for the continuance of the trade and trading houses heretofore by law established on the capital already drawn from the treasury, for one year, and from thence to the end of the next session of Congress; and that provision should be made in such law, for the better regulation of said trading houses, and prescribing the duties of the agents employed therein.

In the House of Representatives of the United States, on the 10th of February, Mr. Harper said, that he wished to call the attention of the house to a subject which had become interesting to its own honour and the honour of the nation. It was the subject of the calumnies so industriously propagated respecting the fires in the treasury and war departments, especially the former.—Had those calumnies, sir, said Mr. Harper, continued to be confined to certain Gazettes in this country, whose daily occupation every body knows is to invent and promulgate slanders at once the most atrocious against the government, and all who are attached to it or concerned in its administration, I for one should certainly have continued to regard them with the profoundest contempt, for I well know that filth thus thrown, cannot tarnish the reputation of men of honour and character, much less of the government itself. But, Mr. Speaker, these calumnies have assumed a far more imposing and dangerous form. They are uttered, sir, by men in this place (it will certainly not be supposed that I allude to any honourable member of this house)—They are uttered, sir, by men in this place, whose stations give weight to their testimony, and must be considered, in distant parts of the country especially, as entitling their assertions to belief. Yes, sir, there are found men in this place, men too, let me repeat it, whose stations give weight to their testimony, and who are profligate enough, far enough lost to all sense of honour, truth and decency, to state in private letters, as a fact fully established and admitted, that the war and treasury offices, especially the latter, were set on fire by the chief officers themselves, in order to destroy the evidences of their own peculation.—This abominable calumny, sir, one of the foulest and most malicious that party spirit has yet fabricated, is asserted as a well known fact by letters from this place, written by men of station and name. I know the fact, sir; I state it on the authority of competent and sufficient testimony. Those letters are handed about, and their contents are industriously circulated in other letters, which disseminate them through all parts of the country.

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The resolution was adopted, and a committee of seven appointed. The following members were named on the committee:—Messrs. Nicholas, Macon, Livingston, Gallatin, Varnum, Harper and Wain.

LANCASTER, February 21.

The legislature of Pennsylvania have passed an act of great importance in relation to the Connecticut intrusion on our lands. Both parties concurred. It is provided and enacted, that settlement and possession on and of any of our lands shall be sufficient to subject to the penalties of the law, unless the person shall prove he has a good and real Pennsylvania title. The penalties run as far as one thousand dollars fine, and seven years imprisonment at hard labour, according to circumstances. The profits of an estate, which is kept from a Pennsylvania owner, are made recoverable on and with the decision of the ejectment. Persons ejected may, at commencement of suit, be held to special bail. All persons going to settle in the country within the late Connecticut claim, must report themselves and the title, under which they pretend or claim to hold under a penalty in money. An agent is to be appointed by the governor to ascertain and report intruders, in order to prosecution. In all ejectments the party ejected must put in his plea the first term, or judgment is to be given against him by default. Resistance of the agent is to be punished by fine and imprisonment at hard labor. The governor is empowered to call out the militia to support the agent, if he apprehend danger to the states agent. Other measures are under the consideration of the legislature. The state seems determined to act against this criminal and pernicious intrusion with effect. The state of Connecticut has abandoned her pretension, and released it to the use of Pennsylvania. That state (Connecticut) never alienated in any form, to any settler, claimant, or company. The federal and state courts have uniformly decided against the Connecticut claim from 1782 to the present time. Yet Pennsylvania, as her last act of favour and moderation has purchased of her citizens more lands than were settled before the decree of Trenton, and sold them to the first Connecticut settlers within that country at a loss of 120 000 dollars, from humanity and liberality. The conduct of the state, in its future very energetic measures will therefore be perfectly justifiable, before God and our country.

Allegheny County, to wit.

LIST OF CAUSES

Set down at December Term 1800, for trial at March Term, 1801.

John Gibson	vs	Samuel Lord
David Semple's adms.	vs	Samuel Sample
George Morgan	vs	Wm. Turnbull
Adam Burchfield	vs	Wm. Fulton
David Cay's exrs.	vs	Wm. Morrow and John M'Cormick
Samuel Lord	vs	John Gibson
Wm. Fickling	vs	Wm. Irwin
Lessee of Robt. Morris	vs	Samuel Stoops and John Curry
Same	vs	Robert Hall esq.
Same	vs	Stephen Hall
Same	vs	James Hall
Same	vs	John Harbeson
Same	vs	Wm. Harbeson
Same	vs	Wm. Haltz
Same	vs	Abraham Freyer
Robert Colville	vs	Robert Vance
Lessee of Jas. Laughlin	vs	Wm. Boggs
John Pealman	vs	Joseph Davis
James Glass	vs	James Baird
Daniel Duncan's adm.	vs	Wm. Morrow
Wm. Skiles	vs	Thomas Grabb
Cunningham & Findly	vs	Benoni Dawson
Alex. W. Foster	vs	James Park
Mary, widow of Robert Williams	vs	Andrew Robertson
John Webster	vs	John Snearly
Nathan Gregg	vs	John & M. M'Leod
Thomas Cheney	vs	Benjamin I. Brice
James O'Hara	vs	—— Simons
John Abercrombie	vs	John Redick
Thomas Deady	vs	James O'Hara
Lessee of Dan. Green	vs	John Jack
Bernard Vanhorn	vs	Jacob Phillis
Same	vs	Same
Lessee of John Elliot	vs	Wm. Cooley
Devereux Smith's exrs.	vs	Wm. Butler's exrs.
Alexander Cooper	vs	John Hamilton
Joseph Thompson	vs	Joseph M'Nitt
John Noble	vs	David Nelson
John Robinson	vs	David Kerr's adm.
Susannah, with Ecurius Beatty	vs	James Patterson
Lessee of H. Stephens	vs	John Smith
Lessee of John Davis	vs	David Mead, Esquire
Wm. Hunter	vs	Wm. Nailor, Esquire
John Boon	vs	Nathaniel Coleman
James M'Callester	vs	Joseph Arbuckle
John Ferree	vs	Richard Porter
James M'Mahan	vs	Wm. Wusthoff
F. Haymaker	vs	G. Power & C. Cist
Robert Clark	vs	Alexander Fowler
Robert Kean	vs	Charles Martin
Lessee of Chs. Symmes	vs	Wm. M'Cullough
Robert Fowler	vs	Alexander Bell
Peacock & Wrenshall	vs	Nathan Gregg
J. Clark & J. Sanderson	vs	Thomas Miles
Catharine Plumer	vs	David Johnson
John Noble and wife	vs	David Nelson
John Sloan	vs	John Moor
James Ferguson	vs	Thomas Adams
James M'Cowin, aff.	vs	Anthony Hites
Lessee of Ar. Gardner	vs	G. Vallandigum, T. Moore, and Henry Potter
Robert Sproul	vs	Joseph Sproul
Lessee of Jas Robinson	vs	Henry Louderback
Elie Williams	vs	John & Wm. Elliot
Thomas King	vs	John Heron, esquire
J. Nicholson & others	vs	John Hutchison
John Bartlett	vs	John Bevers
Robert Cannon	vs	James Burch
James Boyd	vs	Isaac Walker
John Dayly	vs	Gabriel Peterson
John Davis	vs	John Pealman jr. & al.
John Weams, aff.	vs	James Park
Robert Callender	vs	Alexander Speers
Joseph Collins	vs	James Moore
M. Swaltwelder's exs.	vs	Wm. Green
Arthur Gardner	vs	Henry Kerkendall
Same	vs	Ezekiel Jones
Wm. Woods	vs	George Hartshorne
James Anderson	vs	Robert Giffin
Robert Galbraith, esq.	vs	Wm. Dixon
Jon. Coulter, esq.	vs	James Moor
Thomas Hamilton	vs	Peter Cool
Arthur Gardner	vs	John Jones
Simon Small	vs	Wm. Amberson
James Carswell	vs	Ric. Hancock & wife
James Gallagher	vs	J Horner & D M'Nair
Abdiel M'Clure	vs	Nathaniel Patterson
James Alcorn	vs	Robert Smith
Jas and Jos Patterson	vs	Dunning M'Nair
George Bowers	vs	Garrat Covert
Andrew Cook	vs	Wm. M'Laughlin
John Stewart	vs	James G. Heron special bail of John Young
James Sharon	vs	Wm. Pollock
Wm. Hains	vs	Arthur Gardner
Wm. Cheney	vs	John White
Mathias Hook	vs	John Bever
Joseph Hage	vs	Wm. Gray
Samuel Selby	vs	Wm. Dunning
Wm. Gray	vs	Charles Mathews
Dunning M'Nair	vs	George Bowers
Wm. Gray	vs	George Leightenberger
Same	vs	Philip Mowrey
Nehem. Stokely's exs.	vs	Wm. Hamilton, G. Barkly and Thomas Hamilton
R Sharp and R Barnet	vs	Isaac Gregg
Daniel Sutton	vs	Robert Hays
John M'Millan	vs	W. Rofs and S. Boyd
James Horner and Co.	vs	Nathaniel Mallory
Dunning M'Nair	vs	G. Lesley, N. Irish, and James Brison
Francis Rupp	vs	Ennion Williams
R. and J. Brotherton	vs	Samuel Rippy
Robert Simpson	vs	James Perry
James M'Clure	vs	Peter Lisle and Edward Peoples
Dunning M'Nair	vs	Nicholas Whitinger
Francis Wilson	vs	John Reed
Same	vs	Same
Same	vs	Same
Walter Williams	vs	T. Williams & others

A COOPER,

WHO will engage to work for Twelve Months, will have Tools furnished him, and will meet with encouragement, by applying at this Office.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 27, 1801.

SPORTSMAN,

WILL *stand to cover Mares this season at the following places, viz. the last week in March at the plantation whereon the subscriber lives, near Wingfield mills, in St. Clair township the week following at the ferry of Ephraim Jones, Esq. on the Monongahela river, opposite Pittsburgh, from 9 o'clock on the first day to 5 o'clock on Saturday evening, and the four first days of the week following at the mill of John Fawcett, on Chartiers creek, Washington county, and so alternately during the season, which will end on the last of June, at the low price of Three Dollars and one bushel of oats the season, one dollar and an half the single leap, and Six Dollars for insuring a colt; the oats to be brought with the Mare, the money for the season to be paid on the first of October next, and the insurance when it is known that the Mare is with colt.*

SPORTSMAN, is 6 years old, 16 hands high, a chesnut sorrel, has a small star in his forehead, full blooded, of the hunting strain. It is deemed needless to say more respecting him, as I have no doubt his appearance is equal to any horse in the country.

WILLIAM ROSS.

Allegheny county, February 21, 1801.

ALMANACKS

For the Year 1801,

May be had at the Printing Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette, by the single, dozen or grose.

November 13, 1800.